No single recommendation in the bill will totally fix the IRS, but taken as a whole, this package sets the stage for an IRS that is fair, efficient, and friendly.

Despite the extraordinary agreement in the House of Representatives on H.R. 2676 and agreement from President Clinton that he would sign the bill. Senator ROTH, the Chairman of the Finance Committee believes he must spend more time and build on the House bill and act on legislation next year. This is not prudent. Americans want action now. The new Commissioner of the IRS Charles Rossotti will be sworn in next week and we should start him on the right track with a new vision for the IRS. Why put off until tomorrow, what we can do today. Senator Bob Kerrey of Nebraska has requested unanimous consent that the House IRS restructuring bill, H.R. 2676, be approved by the full Senate. I agree and believe we should act now to stop the IRS abuses today.

Mr. GRASSLEY addressed the Chair. The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Iowa.

## HOLDS ON LEGISLATION

Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, I rise to express my disappointment at the fact that during conference negotiations on the District of Columbia appropriations bill, there have been efforts to drop a provision offered by Senator Wyden and myself, and which was accepted by the Senate. This provision was the antisecret holds provision which would have put an end to the practice of putting holds on legislation or nomination in secret.

My colleagues are all aware of the practice of placing holds on a variety of measures. Any Member of the Senate who objects to a measure can place a hold to prevent further action from taking place until that Senator's objections can be resolved.

I want to be clear about one thing. This provision would not have prevented Senators from placing holds. But it would have required them to be open and acknowledge when they have placed holds. Our provision would have simply required Senators to either announce on the floor or place notice in the Congressional Record within 2 working days that they have placed a hold. It is very disappointing that the D.C. approps conferees sought not to allow this provision to remain in the conference report. More, not less, openness is needed in this institution. It is regrettable that conferees seek to maintain the status quo.

However, I want my colleagues to know that, should this provision not be included in the final conference report, Senator Wyden and I will not consider this matter closed.

We have had to work long and persistently before to achieve legislative goals and we are prepared to do so again. We will continue to pursue this matter until we achieve the openness

that is necessary to regain the public trust in Congress that it once had. I know that is a goal that we all want to reach.

Senators should remember that simply because the provision is not in the conference report, does not mean that Senators cannot take the initiative on their own and declare their desire, to place a hold on legislative activity. I call on all Senators to declare their action when they place a hold on legislation. Senator Wyden and I have already pledged to be open about any such actions we take.

I firmly believe that shedding more light on the work that we do here can only help make Congress more effective and accountable. It will inspire greater confidence by our constituents, without which we cannot effectively do our jobs. There has to be a fundamental trust among our constituents that we will strive to represent their interests and views. I know I've never had a constituent tell me that Congress needs to be less open, less straightforward or less honest about what we do. That's why I want my colleagues to know this is not the last they have heard of this issue. They can be in step with the American people's wishes by making their actions public and by making the holds process more open. I appeal to my colleagues to not allow this provision to be killed in the secrecy that we need to eliminate.

I also want to thank my friend, Senator Wyden, for his hard work on this matter. It has been a pleasure to work with him on this matter and I look forward to our continued efforts together.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. COATS). The Senator from New Mexico.

Mr. DOMENICI. I don't know whether the Senator wants to extend morning business. I think we are out of morning business. I just wanted to ask a 2minute extension of morning business.

Mr. GRAHAM. If the Senator is going to ask unanimous consent for that extension, I ask for a further extension of 10 minutes immediately following his extension for the purpose of introducing legislation.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Mr. DORGAN. I shall not object, but might I inquire of the Presiding Officer, would the regular order be to go back to the fast track legislation?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator is correct.

Mr. DORGAN. It is my expectation when this morning business is completed that that will be the business before the Senate?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. That request would have to be made from the floor.

Mr. DORGAN. I ask unanimous consent to be recognized following the morning business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Mr. ROTH. I object for the moment. I would like to discuss the matter with the leader before we proceed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The objection is heard.

Mr. DORGAN. Let me withdraw my objection. I certainly don't want to be discourteous to my two colleagues. The 12 minutes they have asked for is not something I object to. I will not object to these two requests.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from New Mexico is recognized to speak for 2 minutes in morning business.

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, I thank the Chair

(The remarks of Mr. DOMENICI pertaining to the introduction of Senate Resolution 148 are located in today's RECORD under "Statements on Introduced Bills and Joint Resolutions.")

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Florida is recognized to speak for 10 minutes in morning business.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. President, I thank the Chair.

(The remarks of Mr. Graham pertaining to the introduction of S. 1471 are located in today's Record under "Statements on Introduced Bills and Joint Resolutions.")

Mr. ROTH addressed the Chair.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Delaware is recognized.

Mr. ROTH. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. KERREY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## IRAQ SITUATION

Mr. KERREY. Mr. President, I rise to discuss the situation in Iraq regarding the U.N. inspection regime and the refusal of the Iraqi Government to accept American inspectors and thus delay the inspections. The Iraqi purpose is clear: to attack the unity and will of the world community, and especially the members of the Security Council, concerning sanctions to Iraq; to weaken the authority of the United Nations by dictating terms of compliance to U.N. Security Council resolutions; and most important, to conceal and retain and build up the chemical and biological weapons programs of the Iraqi militarv

Once again we are in a crisis with Iraq; not of our making but of theirs. The question being debated here and in the United Nations is: What should we do?

The crisis began a week ago on October 29, 1997 when Saddam Hussein sought to evict from Iraq Americans who are assigned to international inspection teams sent by the United Nations to enforce a cease fire agreement signed by Iraq on April 6, 1991, following the January 17 to February 28 war to liberate Kuwait known as Desert